Balkan Mathematical Olympiad May, 2005

BMO 2005

- 1. Let ABC be a triangle whose inscribed circle touches AB and AC at D and E, respectively. Let X and Y be the points of intersection of the bisectors of the angles $\angle ACB$ and $\angle ABC$ with the line DE and let Z be the midpoint of BC. Prove that the triangle XYZ is equilateral if and only if A is 60° .
- 2. Find all primes p such that $p^2 p + 1$ is a perfect cube.
- 3. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove the inequality:

$$\frac{a^2}{b} + \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2}{a} \ge a + b + c + \frac{4(a-b)^2}{a+b+c}$$

When does the equality hold?

4. Let $n \ge 2$ be integer. Let S be a subset of $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$ such that S neither contains two elements one of which divides the other nor contains two elements which are co-prime. What is the maximal number of elements of such a set S?

Working time: 4 hours

Translated by Kappa – MathLinks.ro