### UNIJUNCTIONS, TRIGGERS AND SWITCHES

Since the introduction of the commercial silicon unijunction transistor in 1956, General Electric has continued developing an extensive line of negative resistance threshold and four-layer switch devices. Each of these devices can be used as a power thyristor trigger, and each offers a special advantage for a particular trigger function. In addition, each can be used for various non-trigger applications.

The features—both in design and characteristics—which you receive with these products are concisely defined for each series:

### **TYPES**

CONVENTIONAL UNIJUNCTIONS 2N489-494—proved reliability, MIL spec version.

2N2646-47—low cost, proved hermetic sealed device.

PROGRAMMABLE UNIJUNCTION TRANSISTOR (PUT)—variable threshold, low cost, fast switching speed, and circuit adjustable electrical characteristics.

COMPLEMENTARY UNIJUNCTION TRANSISTOR—ultimate in temperature stability for timing and oscillator applications.

SILICON UNILATERAL SWITCH (SUS)-a stable fixed low voltage threshold, low cost, high performance "4-layer diode."

SILICON BILATERAL SWITCH (SBS)-low voltage triac trigger, two silicon unilateral switches connected back to back.

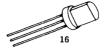
SILICON CONTROLLED SWITCH (SCS)—high triggering sensitivity, 4-lead capability for multiple loads or dv/dt suppression.

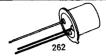
### APPLICATIONS

				Triggers				
	Device	Conventional		Complementary	Programmable			
Use		2N489-94, 2N1671, 2N2160	2N2646 2N2647	D5K1 D5K2	2N6027 2N6028	SUS 2N4983-90	SBS 2N4991-93	
	DC, Lo Cost		F	and the said the	E		E	
•	DC, Hi Perf.	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	F	11. F	E		F	
ž	DC, Volt Regulator	PERMITTED PROPERTY.	Р	<b>F</b> .	F		E	
S	DC, Inverter	Partie Partie Reserve	F	AND SECTION	E		F	
Ē	DC, Hi ΔI/ΔT	APPENDING TO STATE OF THE STATE	Р	10 P.	E1		P	
Trigger for SCR	AC, φ, Hi Perf.	Date of the second	F	4 7 7 E 1 7 4	E1		F	
Ξ	AC, φ, Hi f	第二个 <b>是有</b> 法。	F		E	•	P	
•	AC, Lo RFI	P P P	Р		F		E	
	AC, φ, Lo Cost	Water Step of the Park	F	e Park Physical Res	Ε	T 1	E	
	>1 hr.	French Company	P	AND PROPERTY	E,	N N	N	
	>1 min, Lo Cost	AL PART PLANT	F	P	E	TO NOTE OF	N	
	>1 min, Stable	F 400 F 400 F	Р	建设建设建设	Р	THE N	N	
2	<1 min, Lo Cost	P P	F	P	E	ter de produce	F	
Timers	<1 min, Stable	THE RESERVE OF THE	Р		Р		N	
_	<10V	P P	Р	THE PERSON A	E	N	N	
	10V-25V	THE THE EAST SEE	E		E	The state of	F	
	>25V		Р		E	Figure	F	
	Stability	Per The File Co.	F		F	H	N N	
lators	Cost	P	F	TO THE	E	N	N	
<u> </u>	Adjust, Range	TOTAL BURNEYS	E		F¹	N	N N	
S	Military	ALASTO ETALLICA	Р		F <sup>2</sup>	ALL PLAN	P	
Markets	Hi-Rel	E TOTAL	Р		F2		F F	
Ž	Economy	ton files Park France	F	Part Pertina	E	E P	E_	

 $\pmb{E}=\text{Excellent}, \, F=\text{Fair}, \, P=\text{Poor}, \, N=\text{Not Applicable}$   $^1$  With additional circuitry  $^2$  Hermetic version 2N6116-18

## SILICON UNILATERAL AND BILATERAL SWITCHES (SUS, SBS)





The General Electric SUS is a silicon, planar monolithic integrated circuit having thyristor electrical characteristics closely approximating those of an "ideal" four-layer diode. The device is designed to switch at 8 volts with a typical temperature coefficient of 0.02%/°C. A gate lead is provided to eliminate rate effect, obtain triggering at lower voltages, and to obtain transient-free waveforms.

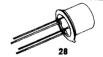
The SBS is a bilateral version of the forward characteristics of the SUS. It provides excellently matched characteristics in both directions with the same low temperature coefficient.

		V <sub>ACR</sub> Reverse Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> Continuous Forward Current	IF Peak Recurrent Forward Current @ 100°C, 10 μs, 1%	Pr	Tc Temperature Coeficient of Switching		s ching cage	ls Switching Current	IB Forward Blocking Current	V <sub>F</sub> Forward Voltage	l <sub>H</sub> Holding	Vo Peak Puise Voitage	
	GE Type	Max. (V)	Max. (mA)	duty cycle (A)	Dissipation (mW)	Voltage (%/°C)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	Max. (μA)	@ 5V (μA)	@ 200mA (V)	Current (mA)	Min. (V)	Package
	2N4987	30	175	1.0	300		6	10	500	1.0	1.5	1.5	3.5	
	2N4988	30	200	1.0	350	±.05	7.5	9	150	0.1	1.5	.5	3.5	16
- -	2N4989	30	200	1.0	350	±.02	7.5	8.2	300	0.01	1.5	1.0	3,5	
Unilateral	2N4990	30	175	1.0	300		7	9	200	0.1	1.5	.75	3.5	Н
ië .	2N4983	30	175	1.0	300		6	10	500	1.0	1.5	1.5	3.5	
Ι.	2N4984	30	200	1.0	350	±.05	7.5	9	150	0.1	1,5	.5	3.5	G
Ι.	2N4985	30	200	1.0	350	±.02	7.5	8.2	300	0.01	1.5	1.0	3.5	000
	2N4986	30	175	1.0	300		7	9	200	0.1	1.5	.75	3.5	262
īā.	2N4991	4 <del>1</del>	175	1,0	300		6	10	500	1.0	1.7	1.5	3.5	16
Bilateral	2N4992		200	1.0	350	±.05	7.5	9	120	0.1	1,7	.5	3.5	
	2N4993		175	1.0	300		6	10	500	1.0	1.7	1.5	3.5	262

### SILICON CONTROL SWITCHES

(SCS)

High triggering sensitivity. 4 lead capability for multiple load or dv/dt suppression.



						Cutoff Charac- teristics	Con- ducting Charac- teristics	G	ax. ate ings			iggering teristics		
GE Type	VAK Anode Voltage Blocking (V)	IF Continuous DC Forward Current (mA)	Peak Recurrent Forward Current @ 100 \( \mu \) sec (A)	Cathode Gate Peak Current (mA)	P <sub>T</sub> (mW)	Nak @ Vak RGK= 10KΩ 150°C (μA)	Ĭн Reκ≔ 10KΩ (mA)	V <sub>GK</sub> I <sub>GK</sub> = 20μΑ (V)	VGA IGA= 1μΑ (V)	R <sub>L</sub> =	V <sub>GTK</sub> = 40V, = 800Ω, sa = ∞ (V)	R <sub>L</sub>	V <sub>GTA</sub> V <sub>AK</sub> =40V, =800Ω, <sub>SK</sub> =10K   (V)	Package
3N81	65	200	1.0	500	400	20	1.5	5	65	1.0	.4 to .65	1.5	4 to8	28
3N82	100	200	1.0	500	400	20	1.5	5	100	1.0	.4 to .65	1.5	4 to8	28
3N83	70	50	0.1	50	200	20 *	4.0 †	5	70	150 †	.4 *0 .80			28
3N84	40	175	0.5	100	320	20 *	2.0	5	40	10	.4 to .65		_	28
3N85	100	175	0.5	100	320	20 *	2.0	5	100	10	.4 to .65	-	_	28
3N86	65	200	1.0	500	400	20	0.2	5	65	<b>∄1.0</b> ↓	.4 to .65	0.1	4 to8	28

## ADDITIONAL REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS ORDER BY PUBLICATION NUMBER

90.10 The Unijunction Transistor Characteristics and Applications

\* Measured @125°C.

90.12 Unijunction Temperature Compensation

90.19 Unijunction Frequency Divider

† Measured in special test circuit (See specification sheet).

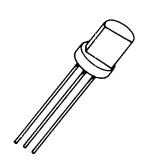
90.70 The D13T—A Programmable Unijunction Transistor 90.72 Complementary Unijunction Transistors

# Silicon Economy Bilateral Switch

(SBS)

The General Electric SBS is a silicon planar, monolithic integrated circuit having the electrical characteristics of a bilateral thyristor. The device is designed to switch at 8 volts with a  $0.02\%/^{\circ}$ C temperature coefficient and excellently matched characteristics in both directions. A gate lead is provided to eliminate rate effect and to obtain triggering at lower voltages.

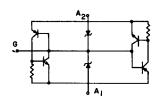
The Silicon Bilateral Switches are specifically designed and characterized for applications where stability of switching voltage over a wide temperature range and well matched bilateral characteristics are an asset. They are ideally suited for half wave and full wave triggering in low voltage SCR and Triac phase control circuits. The 2N4991 is in the low cost, TO-98 plastic package.



### absolute maximum ratings: (25°C free air) (unless otherwise specified)

Storage Temperature Range	-65  to  +150	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55  to  +125	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Power Dissipation*	300	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{W}$
DC Forward Anode Curreni*	175	mA
DC Gate Current *†	5	mA
Peak Recurrent Forward Current (1% duty cycle, $10~\mu sec$ pulse width, $T_{\rm A}=100{\rm ^{\circ}C}$ )	1.0	Amp
Peak Non-Recurrent Forward Current (10 $\mu$ sec pulse width, $T_{\rm A} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C}$ )	5.0	Amps
*Derate linearly to zero at 125°C.		
AThis makes moultonly and one OFF state at		

<sup>†</sup>This rating applicable only on OFF state. Maximum gate current in conducting state limited by maximum power rating.



**EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT** 



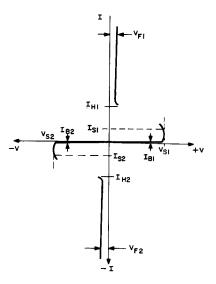
CIRCUIT SYMBOL

### electrical characteristics:\*\* (25°C) (unless otherwise specified)

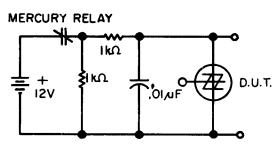
STATIC		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Switching Voltage	$\mathbf{V_s}$	6		10	V
Switching Current	$\mathbf{I_{s}}$			500	$\mu \mathbf{A}$
Absolute Switching Voltage Difference	$\mid V_{s_2}$ — $V_{s_1} \mid$			.5	v
Absolute Switching Current Difference	$\mid \mathbf{I_{s_2}} - \!$			100	$\mu \mathbf{A}$
Holding Current	$\mathbf{I_{H}}$			1.5	mA
Current (Off State)					
$(V_F = 5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$ $(V_F = 5V, T_A = 85^{\circ}C)$	$egin{array}{c} egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}$			$\begin{array}{c} 1.0 \\ 10.0 \end{array}$	${}^{\mu}{ m A} \ {}^{\mu}{ m A}$
Temperature Coefficient of Switching Voltage $(T_A = -55 ^{\circ} \text{C to } +85 ^{\circ} \text{C})$	$\mathbf{T}_{\mathtt{c}}$		±.02		%/°C
Forward Voltage Drop (On State) $(I_{\rm F}=175~{ m mA})$	$V_{\mathbf{F}}$			1.70	v
DYNAMIC					
Turn-on Time (See Circuit 1)	$\mathbf{t_{on}}$			1.0	μsec
Peak Pulse Amplitude (See Circuit 3)	$\mathbf{V_o}$	3.5			V
Turn-off Time (See Circuit 2)	torr			30.0	$\mu sec$

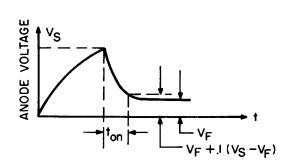
<sup>\*\*</sup>This device is a symmetrical negative resistance diode. All electrical limits shown apply in either direction of current flow.

### STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

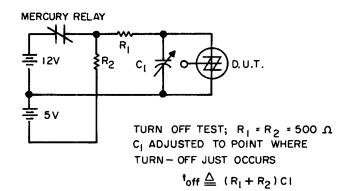


### **TEST CIRCUITS**

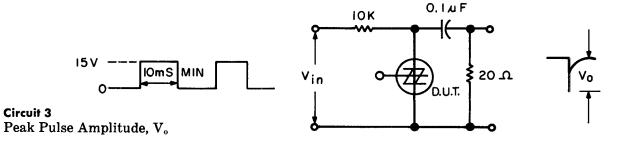




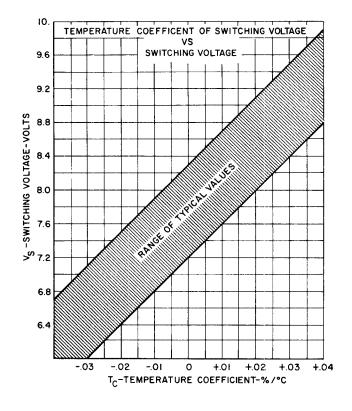
Circuit 1 Turn-on Time,  $t_{\text{on}}$ 

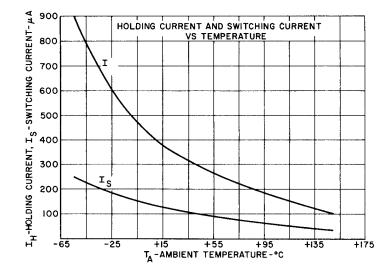


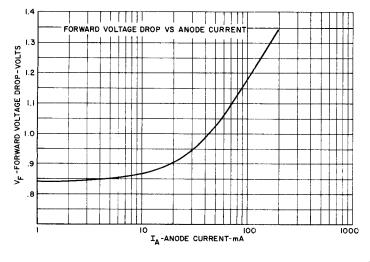
Circuit 2
Turn-off Time, t<sub>off</sub>

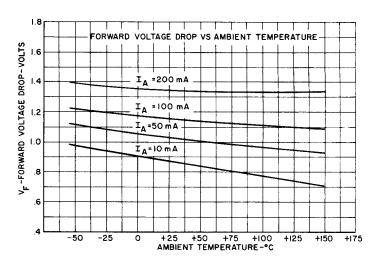


### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS









### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

