

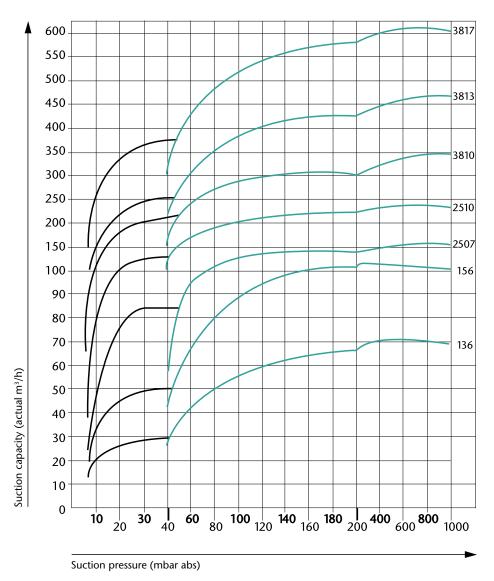
APOVAC[®]

Vacuum Systems

with closed ring-liquid loop for the suction and recovery of gases and vapours



APOVAC Vacuum systems with closed ring-liquid loop for the suction and compression of gases and vapours, for the recovery of solvents in clean and reusable state, for the neutralisation of acidic gases without polluting the environment. Suction capacity up to 600 m³/h. Without gas ejector for vacuum down to 40 mbar or 6 mbar if used with gas ejector.



= Performance curves with gas ejector

Performance curves without gas ejector

Performance curves show suction volume at given suction pressure with tolerance of 10 % at following conditions:

- Evacuating dry air at 20 °C
- Discharge pressure to 1200 mbar
- Ring-liquid: water 15 °C
- Motor 50 Hz

Technical data

Туре	Ring-liquid circulation	Coolant at Δt = 3 °C	Standard motors IP 54	Explosion- proof motors EEx e IIT3	Nominal speed	Weight with pump and motor
	m³/h	m³/h	KW	KW	min ⁻¹	Kg
136	0.25	0.5	2.2	2.5	3000	170
156	0.50	1.0	4.0	4.6	3000	200
2507	1.0	2.0	5.5	6.8	1500	390
2510	1.1	2.0	7.5	10.0	1500	440
3810	2.5	5.0	11.0	13.2	1000	1070
3813	2.7	6.0	15.0	16.5	1000	1070
3817	3.2	7.0	18.5	20.0	1000	1140

Description of the Vacuum System

Design

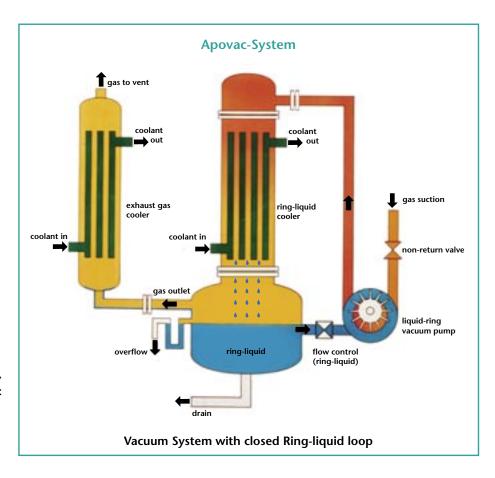
The APOVAC system consists of a ringliquid tank, distributor head, ring-liquid cooler, exhaust gas cooler (condenser) and liquid-ring vacuum pump, type PMH, PMZF or PMZE. Other design features are:

- Various motor protection options
- Mechanical shaft seal according to DIN 24960, standard
- Vertical one-pass shell and tube type ring-liquid cooler
- Connections for utilities with standard welding neck flanges
- The unit completely assembled on common base frame

Method of Operation

Incondensible gas, vapour and condensate evacuated from a process operation are drawn into the suction branch of the liquid-ring vacuum pump. Ring-liquid is provided from the APOVAC tank. The liquid-ring pump can operate with most liquids. In the closed loop APOVAC system, the process liquid/ condensate is normally used as ringliquid. It serves as a sealing liquid and also as a means of removing the heat which is generated in the pump. The liquid-ring pump itself is an excellent direct condenser, with a condensation temperature equal to that of the ringliquid temperature.

Further condensation is achieved in the ring-liquid cooler by using coolant with low temperature. The specially designed ring-liquid cooler cools the associated gas



and remaining vapour as well as the ringliquid/condensate. A distributor head ensures optimum distribution of the liquid over the cooling surfaces.

Ring-liquid and condensate are collected in the tank. Temperature difference between coolant at inlet and ring-liquid in tank is around 3 °C. Incondensible gases saturated with vapour are discharged through the exhaust gas branch. Further condensation may be achieved in an exhaust gas condenser (optional). Resulting condensate also flows to the ring-liquid tank.

Ring-liquid

Any liquid compatible with the construction materials and available as condensate from the process may be used as ring-liquid. In addition, the ring-liquid may be selected to suit the process, e.g. caustic soda solution for neutralising acidic vapours or concentrated sulphuric acid for the compression of chlorine gas.

Standard Version

The standard version of the APOVAC system consists of:

- Ring-liquid tank with connections for filling, draining, overflow, exhaust gas, thermometer and level probe
- Ring-liquid cooler with distributor head
- Complete assembly on a base frame with associated liquid-ring vacuum pump, including all internal pipework together with discharge pipe, ring-liquid pipe with flow control valve and flow indicator/switch, vacuum control pipe with hand-operated valve and non-return valve on the pump inlet branch.

Accessories

Gas ejector with internal bypass, exhaust gas condenser, flow meter, level sight glass, level monitoring and control, overflow siphon, ring-liquid thermometer etc. Application-related instrumentation and control equipment are provided in accordance with individual process requirements for local or remote operation.

Features & Advantages

Features

The liquid-ring vacuum pump and the APOVAC system operate oil-free and do not contaminate the process liquid. There is no practical limit to the amount of liquid which can be passed into the system.

The completely closed ring-liquid loop with no direct contact between coolant and ring-liquid, ensures that no coolant contamination occurs.

Ring-liquid may be chosen according to the process. Solvent vapours can be condensed and recovered. Corrosive, toxic and offensively smelling gases or vapours can be neutralized.

The coolers may be operated with separate coolants at different temperatures and thus partial condensation is possible. The APOVAC systems are specially suited for wet processes in the chemical, pharmaceutical, petrochemical and related industries. Due to the cold compression of gases the APOVAC systems are ideal for handling flammable or explosive gases.

Advantages

Modest space requirements

Simple installation
Rugged and reliable; minimum
maintenance
Built to withstand pressure surges up to
10 bar abs.
Material execution with low ferrite
content according to standards of
European chemical industries
Smooth and quiet running
Standard operating temperature range
-30 °C to +110 °C
Provision for insulation for high- or lowtemperature applications
Available with Conformity Declaration
acc. to PED (Module H) and with ATEX

You save costs on

- Solvents
- Effluent treatment
- Coolant treatment
- Exhaust gas treatment
- Energy

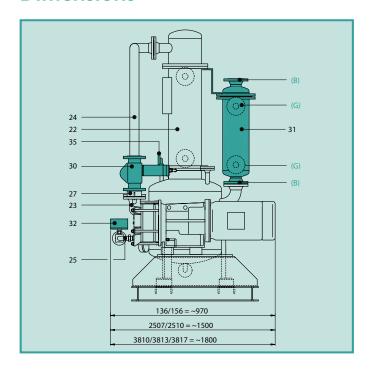
Depending on the process, significant savings may be achieved with APOVAC systems through shorter cycle times, e.g. in drying operations. Furthermore, additional savings on inert gases can be achieved when the APOVAC systems are used as a recirculating vacuum/compressor system (APOREC).

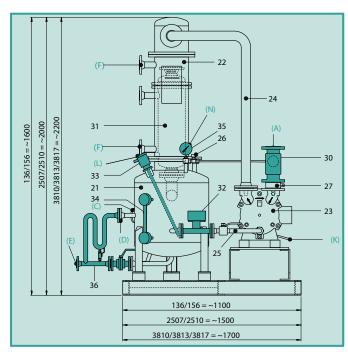
These operational benefits ensure short return on investment.



certificate.

Dimensions





Standard execution

- 21 Ring-liquid tank
- 22 Ring-liquid cooler
- 23 Liquid-ring vacuum pump
- 24 Discharge pipe
- 25 Ring-liquid pipe with valve
- 26 Manually operated vacuum control valve
- 27 Non-return valve

Accessories

- 30 Gas ejector with integrated bypass
- 31 Exhaust gas condenser
- 32 Flow indicator with switch
- 33 Level probe
- 34 Level sight glass
- 35 Ring-liquid thermometer
- 36 Siphon with valves

Options

Cold barriers/insulation Magnetic level indication Coolant control

Vacuum level control

Table of Connections

	APOVAC 136 + 156		APOVAC 2507 + 2510		APOVAC 3810 + 3817	
	DN / PN	Standard	DN / PN	Standard	DN / PN	Standard
(A) Suction branch	Ø 48.3 x 2.6 * 40 / 16 **	DIN 2642 DIN 2633	65 / 16	DIN 2633	80 / 16	DIN 2633
(B) Gas discharge	40 / 16	DIN 2633	80 / 16	DIN 2633	100 / 16 ***	DIN 2633
(C) Filling	25 / 16	DIN 2633	25 / 16	DIN 2633	25 / 16	DIN 2633
(D) Overflow	25 / 16	DIN 2633	25 / 16	DIN 2633	25 / 16	DIN 2633
(E) Drain	25 / 16	DIN 2633	25 / 16	DIN 2633	25 / 16	DIN 2633
(F) Coolant in/out	25 / 16	DIN 2633	40 / 16	DIN 2633	50 / 16	DIN 2633
(G) Coolant in/out	25 / 16	DIN 2633	40 / 16	DIN 2633	50 / 16	DIN 2633
(K) Leak pipe from mechanical se	al Ø12 x 1.5		Ø12 x 1.5		Ø12 x 1.5	
(L) Level probe	G 1½ "		G 1½ "		G 1½ "	
(N) Thermometer	G 1½ "		G 1½ "		G 1½ "	
* For execution without gas ejector ** For execution with gas ejector					** 3817 = DN 125	

Construction Materials

- Stainless steel DIN 1.4435 (SS 316 L)
- Other materials on request e.g. hastelloy, with lining or FDA-approved materials

APOVAC®

the vacuum system that always pays off, can be adapted individually to any special application



APOVAC-System, Type 136, for the degassing of polymers



APOVAC-System, Type 3817, with spray condenser in the suction line



APOVAC-System, Type 2510, with pre-condenser and exhaust gas cooler



APOVAC-System, Type 2510, with two vaccum pumps



APOVAC-System, Type 156, supplied with control panel

Commonly used ring-liquids in APOVAC systems

Alcohols		Aromatics	Aromatics		Phenoles	
methanol ethanol propanol butanol hexanol alcohol	CH ₄ O CH ₂ H ₆ O C ₃ H ₈ O C ₄ H ₁₀ O C ₆ H ₁₄ O	benzene toluene ethyl benzene styrene	$C_{6}H_{6}$ $C_{7}H_{8}$ $C_{8}H_{10}$ $C_{8}H_{8}$	phenole Ketones acetone methyl ethyl ketone	C ₆ H ₆ O C ₃ H ₆ O e C ₄ H ₈ O	
octanol ethylen glycole glycerine cyclo hexanol benzyl alcohol	C ₈ H ₁₈ O C ₂ H ₆ O ₂ C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ C ₆ H ₁₂ O C ₇ H ₈ O	Aqueous solutions water caustic soda sulphuric acid (conc.)	C ₈ H ₁₀ H ₂ O NaOH H ₂ SO ₄	Others ethyl acetate hexane methylene chloride tetrahydrofurane	C ₄ H ₈ O ₂ C ₆ H ₁₄ • CH ₂ CI ₂ C ₄ H ₈ O	

Principal Applications

- Process support and solvent recovery in wet processes
- Emission control, minimizing exhaust gas treatment
- Handling of toxic or corrosive gases

Major Processes

- Drying under vacuum or pressure
- Filtration
- Distillation
- Reaction
- Crystallization
- Concentration
- Degassing

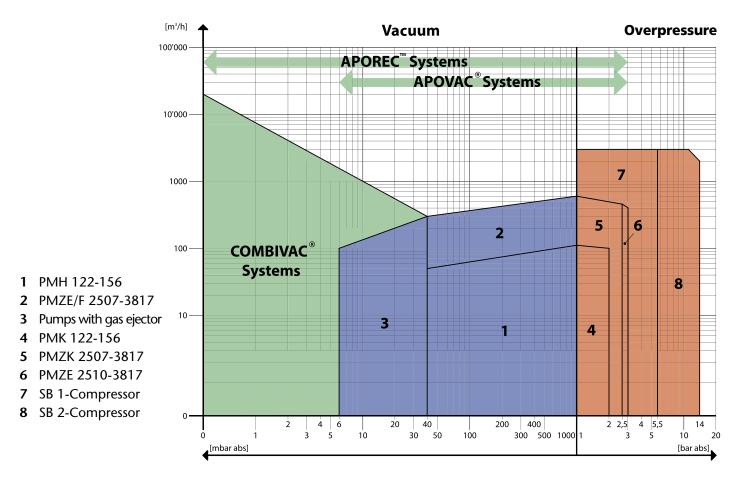
Typical Products and Industries

- Chemicals
- Pharmaceuticals
- Food industries
- Agrochemicals
- Petrochemicals
- Metallurgy

We also supply:

Liquid-ring vacuum pumps
Liquid-ring compressors
Gas ejectors
COMBIVAC units with roots
blowers
Application-related instrumentation
and control equipment
Engineering and service

Product Overview



Representative:



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